INITIATIVE 352

I, Sam Reed, Secretary of State of the State of Washington and custodian of its seal, hereby certify that, according to the records on file in my office, the attached copy of Initiative Measure No. 352 to the Legislature is a true and correct copy as it was received by this office.

AN ACT Relating to revenues and fees imposed by state and local governments; amending RCW 43.135.035, 43.135.035, and 43.135.055; adding new sections to chapter 43.135 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 35.21 RCW; creating new sections; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7

POLICIES AND PURPOSES

8 Sec. 1. The people find that it is too easy for NEW SECTION. 9 state and local governments to take more of the people's money. The 10 people find that if it was tougher for state and local governments to 11 increase taxes and fees that government would be forced to prioritize 12 spending and reform government spending. It is intended that this 13 measure require tax and fee increases to receive either two-thirds 14 legislative approval or majority voter approval at an election. Ιt 15 ought to be tougher to raise taxes.

16REQUIRING STATE GOVERNMENT TO OBTAIN EITHER TWO-THIRDS LEGISLATIVE17APPROVAL OR MAJORITY VOTER APPROVAL FOR REVENUE INCREASES

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.135.035 and 2005 c 72 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

(1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the 3 4 legislature that raises state revenue ((or requires revenue-neutral tax 5 shifts)) may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each 6 house((, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits 7 established under this chapter. However, for legislation enacted 8 9 between the effective date of this 2005 act and June 30, 2007, any 10 action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state 11 revenue or requires revenue-neutral tax shifts may be taken with the

12 approval of a majority of members elected to each house, so long as 13 state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will 14 not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this

15 chapter)) of the legislature except actions that raise state revenue 16 that are referred to the voters as allowed by subsection (2) of this 17 section.

18 (2)(((a))) <u>State revenue increases approved by a majority vote of</u> 19 <u>each house of the legislature may be referred to the voters for their</u> 20 <u>approval or rejection at an election.</u>

21 (3) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section 22 will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, 23 then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved 24 by a vote of the people at a November general election. The state 25 expenditure limit committee shall adjust the state expenditure limit by 26 the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this 27 section. This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue 28 generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year 29 in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be 30 adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.

31 (((b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under 32 this section shall be substantially as follows:

33 "Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a 34 spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for 35 inflation and population increases?"

36 (3)) (4)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon
 37 declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four
 38 months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the
 39 legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the

nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that require immediate government action to alleviate human suffering and provide humanitarian assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.

7 (b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section 8 may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general 9 election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. 10 The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of 11 emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for 12 emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education 13 construction fund have been exhausted.

14 (c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not 15 impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that 16 statute exists on January 1, 1993.

17 $\left(\left(\frac{4}{1}\right)\right)$ (5) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted from the state general fund on or after January 1, 1993, to another 18 19 source of funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general 20 fund to another fund or account, the state expenditure limit committee, 21 acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall lower the state expenditure 22 limit to reflect the shift. For the purposes of this section, a 23 transfer of money from the state general fund to another fund or 24 account includes any state legislative action taken that has the effect 25 of reducing revenues from a particular source, where such revenues 26 would otherwise be deposited into the state general fund, while 27 increasing the revenues from that particular source to another state or 28 local government account. This subsection does not apply to the 29 dedication or use of lottery revenues under RCW 67.70.240(3) or 30 property taxes under RCW 84.52.068, in support of education or 31 education expenditures.

(((5))) (6) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted to the state general fund on or after January 1, 2000, from another source of funding, or if moneys are transferred to the state general fund from another fund or account, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall increase the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift.

38 (7) For the purposes of this section, "raises state revenue"
39 includes enacting or imposing a new tax, expanding the base of an

1 <u>existing tax, increasing the monetary amount of an existing tax,</u>

2 increasing the rate of an existing tax, removing all or part of any 3 exemption or deduction from an existing tax, and extending an expiring 4 tax.

5 **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.135.035 and 2005 c 72 s 5 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

(1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue ((or requires revenue-neutral tax shifts)) may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house((, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter)) of the legislature except actions that raise state revenue that are referred to the voters as allowed by

14 <u>subsection (2) of this section</u>.

15 (2)(((a))) <u>State revenue increases approved by a majority vote of</u> 16 <u>each house of the legislature may be referred to the voters for their</u> 17 <u>approval or rejection at an election.</u>

(3) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section 18 19 will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, 20 then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved 21 by a vote of the people at a November general election. The state 22 expenditure limit committee shall adjust the state expenditure limit by 23 the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this 24 This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue section. 25 generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year 26 in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be 27 adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.

28 (((b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under 29 this section shall be substantially as follows:

30 "Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a 31 spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for 32 personal income growth?"

33 (3)) (4)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon 34 declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four 35 months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the 36 legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the 37 nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that 38 require immediate government action to alleviate human suffering and

provide humanitarian assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.

5 (b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section 6 may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general 7 election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. 8 The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of 9 emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for 10 emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education 11 construction fund have been exhausted.

12 (c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not 13 impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that 14 statute exists on January 1, 1993.

15 (((4))) (5) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted 16 from the state general fund or a related fund to another source of 17 funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general fund or a 18 related fund to another fund or account, the state expenditure limit 19 committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall lower the state 20 expenditure limit to reflect the shift. For the purposes of this 21 section, a transfer of money from the state general fund or a related 22 fund to another fund or account includes any state legislative action taken that has the effect of reducing revenues from a particular 23 24 source, where such revenues would otherwise be deposited into the state 25 general fund or a related fund, while increasing the revenues from that 26 particular source to another state or local government account. This 27 subsection does not apply to the dedication or use of lottery revenues 28 under RCW 67.70.240(3) or property taxes under RCW 84.52.068, in 29 support of education or education expenditures.

30 (((5))) (6) If the cost of any state program or function and the 31 ongoing revenue necessary to fund the program or function are shifted 32 to the state general fund or a related fund on or after January 1, 33 2007, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 34 43.135.025(5), shall increase the state expenditure limit to reflect 35 the shift.

36 (7) For the purposes of this section, "raises state revenue" 37 includes enacting or imposing a new tax, expanding the base of an 38 existing tax, increasing the monetary amount of an existing tax, 39 increasing the rate of an existing tax, removing all or part of any

1 exemption or deduction from an existing tax, and extending an expiring
2 tax.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.135 RCW 4 to read as follows:

5 (1) After the effective date of this section, any action or 6 combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue not 7 part of the general fund may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds 8 vote of each house of the legislature except actions that raise state 9 revenue that are referred to the voters as allowed by subsection (2) of 10 this section.

(2) State revenue increases approved by a majority vote of each house of the legislature may be referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at an election.

14 (3) For the purposes of this section, "raises state revenue" 15 includes enacting or imposing a new tax, expanding the base of an 16 existing tax, increasing the monetary amount of an existing tax, 17 increasing the rate of an existing tax, removing all or part of any 18 exemption or deduction from an existing tax, and extending an expiring 19 tax.

20 REQUIRING STATE GOVERNMENT TO OBTAIN EITHER TWO-THIRDS LEGISLATIVE 21 APPROVAL OR MAJORITY VOTER APPROVAL FOR FEE INCREASES

22 **Sec. 5.** RCW 43.135.055 and 2001 c 314 s 19 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) No fee may increase in any fiscal year ((by a percentage in excess of the fiscal growth factor for that fiscal year without prior legislative approval)) unless the increase is approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature, except increases referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at an election which shall require a majority vote of each house of the legislature.

30 (2) This section does not apply to an assessment made by an 31 agricultural commodity commission or board created by state statute or 32 created under a marketing agreement or order under chapter 15.65 or 33 15.66 RCW, or to the forest products commission, if the assessment is 34 approved by referendum in accordance with the provisions of the 35 statutes creating the commission or board or chapter 15.65 or 15.66 RCW 36 for approving such assessments.

1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 43.135 RCW 2 to read as follows:

3 For any fee not part of the state general fund, no fee may increase 4 in any fiscal year unless the increase is approved by a two-thirds vote 5 of each house of the legislature, except increases referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at an election which shall 6 7 require a majority vote of each house of the legislature.

8 REQUIRING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO OBTAIN EITHER TWO-THIRDS LEGISLATIVE 9 APPROVAL OR MAJORITY VOTER APPROVAL FOR REVENUE INCREASES

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW 11 to read as follows:

(1) After the effective date of this section, any action or 12 13 combination of actions by any local taxing district that raises revenue may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of the legislative 14 15 body, except actions that raise revenue that are referred to the voters 16 as allowed under subsection (2) of this section.

17 (2) Revenue increases approved by a majority vote of the legislative body may be referred to the voters for their approval or 18 19 rejection at an election.

20 (3) This section does not apply to any revenue increase that 21 requires voter approval. This includes, but is not limited to, voter 22 approval requirements for sales tax increases and property tax levy 23 increases in excess of the one percent limitation required by RCW 24 84.55.0101.

25 (4) For the purposes of this section, "raises revenue" includes 26 imposing a new tax authorized by law, expanding the base of an existing 27 tax, increasing the monetary amount of an existing tax, increasing the rate of an existing tax, removing all or part of any exemption or 28 29 deduction from an existing tax, and extending an expiring tax.

30 REQUIRING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO OBTAIN EITHER TWO-THIRDS LEGISLATIVE 31 APPROVAL OR MAJORITY VOTER APPROVAL FOR FEE INCREASES

32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW 33 to read as follows:

(1) After the effective date of this section, no fee may increase 34 35 in any year unless the increase is approved by a two-thirds vote of the

local taxing district's legislative body, except increases referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at an election which shall require a majority vote of the local taxing district.

4 (2) This section shall not apply to any fee increase that is 5 required to receive voter approval at an election.

6

CONSTRUCTION CLAUSE

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. The provisions of this act are to be 8 liberally construed to effectuate the intent, policies, and purposes of 9 this act.

10

SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. If any provision of this act or its 12 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 13 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 14 persons or circumstances is not affected.

15

MISCELLANEOUS

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. This act shall be known and cited as the 17 Tougher To Raise Taxes Act.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. Except for section 3 of this act, this act 19 takes effect December 7, 2006.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. Section 3 of this act takes effect July 1, 21 2007.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 2007.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** Part headings used in this act are not part 24 of the law.